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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/588,635	04/16/2007	Joris Jan Vrehen	1009-012	9801		
	7590 08/14/200 IUANG & ASSOCIAT	EXAMINER				
2 CONNECTOR WESTBOROUG		PSITOS, ARISTOTELIS M				
WESTBOROO	O11, MA 01301		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2627			
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE			
			08/14/2008	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.		Applicant(s)					
		10/588,635	5	VREHEN ET AL.					
			Examiner		Art Unit				
			Aristotelis N		2627				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
1)  ズ	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>04 Au</i>	aust 2006.						
,	<del>_</del>								
/ <b>_</b>	Since this application is in condition	<i>′</i> —			osecution as to the	e merits is			
٥,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the	application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.								
·	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>——</u> is/are allowed. 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.								
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or	election re	guirement.					
	on Papers			•					
	•	a Evaminar							
•	The specification is objected to by the			Tabiaatad ta bu tha	Eversiner				
10)[	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	· ·	-	-					
	Applicant may not request that any obje								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
2)  Notic 3)  Inforr	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fination Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)		4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal D 6) Other:	ate				

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

# **Priority**

Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

# Information Disclosure Statement

The submitted IDS documents have been reviewed and made of record.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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 Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1,3,4,6-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Wada et al further considered with Shih.

With respect to claims 1 and 7, the Wada reference, see the EP 1300836 document (for the 102 b basis), or alternatively US patent Nishino et al (7110342 for the 102 e basis) is relied upon for the reasons stated in the submitted EP search report, i.e., that is paragraphs 57-59 for instance in the EP document, and for instance see the summary of the invention starting in col 5 line 55 in the US Patent.

Both describe an optical system having the desired capability wrt the light intensity as claimed, with respect to the method limitations of claim 7 they are inherently present.

Furthermore, wrt claims 3,4,6,8-11, these limitations are considered inherently present, i.e., as noted with the description of figure 7 with respect to instance (in both documents), the phase depth variation and the periodicity are present - i.e., inherent, and the examiner interprets such as also meeting the limitation with respect to the duty cycle.

If applicants can convince the examiner that such is not inherently present/disclosed, then under 103 considerations, the examiner relies further upon the additional teaching from Shih, see for instance conl.5 lines 25-55, wherein such capabilities are taught as ways to control the diffraction efficiency.

It would have been obvious to modify the base system of Wada et al (Nishino et al) with the above teaching from Shih; motivation is to use existing techniques in order to yield the desired diffraction efficiency for the desired variation in light intensity.

Claims 2 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the art as applied to claim 1 as stated above, and further in view of Takahashi et al.

With respect to these claimed limitations, as discussed in Takahashi et al – see the abstract for instance, the ability of having various axial differences with respect to the light intensity in this environment (for different modes of operation) are well known and taught herein.

It would have been obvious to modify the base system/s as relied upon for the reasons stated above with respect to claim 1 and further modify such with the additional teaching from Takahashi et al motivation is to yield the desired intensity variation for various modes of operation as discussed in Takahashi et al.

## Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Kikuchi et al is cited as illustrative of an alternative system for varying the light intensity between the inner central axis and the outer radial portion.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Aristotelis M. Psitos whose telephone number is (571) 272-7594. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Thr: 6:00 - 3:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William R. Korzuch can be reached on (571) 272-7589. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Aristotelis M Psitos Primary Examiner Art Unit 2627

/Aristotelis M Psitos/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2627